

Name: _____
 Blk: _____ Date: _____

Chemistry 12
 Solubility Lesson #5
Separating Mixtures of Ions by Precipitation Methods
QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS

Example 1 : A solution contains one or both of the cations Ag^+ and Sr^{2+} , devise a method which will precipitate out BOTH of the cations.

Answer:

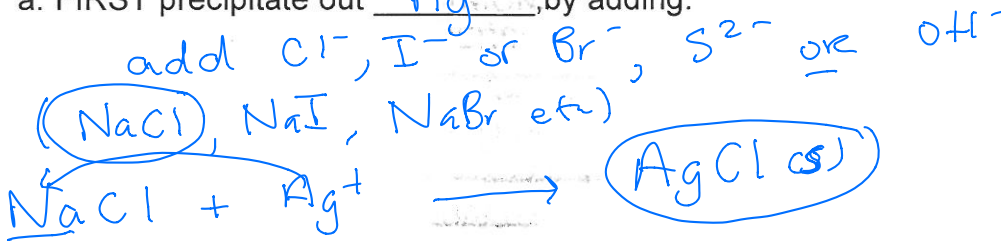
Step 1. Create a table which has the **CATIONS** you think are in the solution as the **ROW HEADERS** and the **ANIONS** you will use to try and precipitate out the cations as the **COLUMN HEADERS**:

ppt = precipitate

	Cl^- (#)	SO_4^{2-}	S^{2-}	OH^-	PO_4^{3-} (#)
Ag^+	ppt	ppt	ppt	ppt	ppt
Sr^{2+}	—	ppt	—	—	ppt

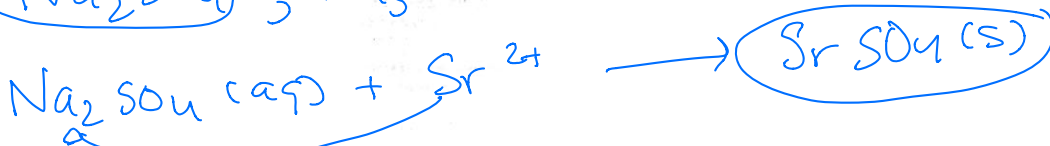
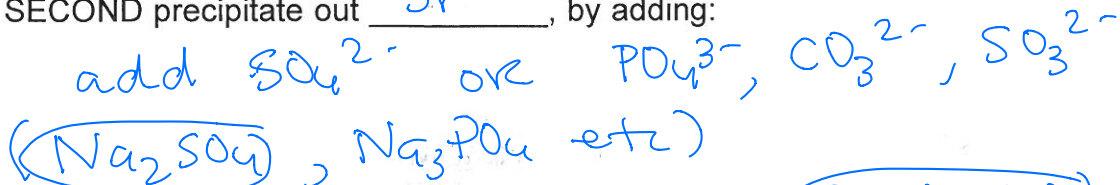
Step 2. Fill the table in using "—" to show a **soluble** compound or "ppt" to show a **precipitate**

Step 3. Based on the above table we can devise a way to separate the cations
 a. FIRST precipitate out Ag^+ , by adding:



*****FILITER THE PPT OUT*****

b. SECOND precipitate out Sr^{2+} , by adding:



* filter out the ppt *

Example 2. A solution contains one or more of Ag^+ , Ba^{2+} and Ni^{2+} . What ions could be added, and in what order, to determine which of these cations are present?

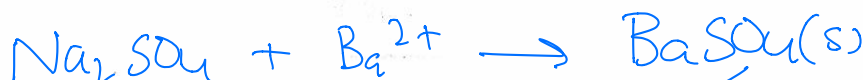
	$\text{Cl}^- (*)$	SO_4^{2-}	S^{2-}	OH^-	$\text{PO}_4^{3-} (*)$
Ag^+	ppt	ppt	ppt	ppt	ppt
Ba^{2+}	—	ppt	—	ppt	ppt
Ni^{2+}	—	—	ppt	ppt	ppt

a. First precipitate out Ag^+ by adding:

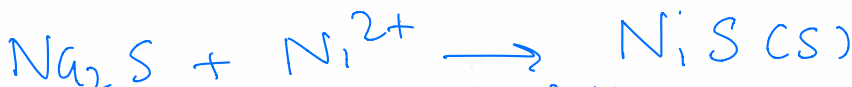
Cl^- , I^- or $\text{Br}^- \dots \text{NaCl}$ or NaI or NaBr



b. Second precipitate out Ba^{2+} by adding: SO_4^{2-} (Na_2SO_4)



c. Third precipitate out Ni^{2+} by adding: S^{2-} (Na_2S)



filter out the ppt

You could **re-write** the above answer in the form of an experimental procedure:

Step 1. To 1 mL of a solution that might contain Ag^+ , Ba^{2+} and/or Ni^{2+} , add a few drops of 1 M NaI .

if a ppt forms then Ag^+ is present, $\text{AgI}(\text{s})$
if not it is absent ... filter the ppt before moving on.

Step 2. To the solution from step 1, add a few drops of 1 M Na_2SO_4 .

$\text{BaSO}_4(\text{s})$ if a ppt forms then Ba^{2+} is present, $\text{BaSO}_4(\text{s})$
if not it is absent ... filter the ppt before moving on.

Step 3. To the solution from Step 2, add a few drops of 1 M Na_2S .

$\text{NiS}(\text{s})$ if a ppt forms then Ni^{2+} is present, $\text{NiS}(\text{s})$
if not it is absent ... filter out the ppt.

Seat work/Homework: Exercises: 26 - 39 (odd numbers only) pgs 90-91

PLO's: H4 and H6