

QUARTER SYSTEM

Chem 11 Final Exam Mult. Choice Practice

Instructions: For each question, select the **BEST** answer from those provided and circle the letter corresponding to your choice. Transfer your answers to the answer form provided.

- Express 165,000 in exponential notation
 - 1.65000×10^5
 - 1.65×10^5
 - 1.6500×10^{-5}
 - 1.65×10^{-5}
 - 165×10^3
- How many significant figures are there in the number 3.1400?
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
- Using the rules of significant figures, calculate the following:
 $4.0021 - 0.004$
 - 3.998
 - 4
 - 3.9981
 - 4.00
 - 4.0
- It is estimated that uranium is relatively common in the earth's crust, occurring in amounts of 4g/metric ton. A metric ton is 1000kg. At this concentration, what mass of uranium is present in 1.0mg of the earth's crust?
 - 4 nanograms
 - 4 micrograms
 - 4 milligrams
 - 4×10^{-5} grams
 - 4 centigrams
- A titration was performed to find the concentration of hydrochloric acid with the following results:

Trial	Molarity
1	1.25 +/- 0.01
2	1.24 +/- 0.01
3	1.26 +/- 0.01

The actual concentration of HCl was determined to be 1.000M; the results of the titration are:

- both accurate and precise
 - accurate but imprecise
 - precise but inaccurate
 - both inaccurate and imprecise
 - accuracy and precision are impossible to determine with the available information.
- The state of matter for an object that has definite volume but not a definite shape is
 - solid
 - liquid
 - gas
 - elemental
 - mixed
 - In 1928, rhenium cost \$10,000/kg. It now costs \$40/troy ounce. What is the present cost of one gram of rhenium? (1 troy ounce = 31.10g)
 - less than \$1.00
 - between \$1.00 and \$10
 - between \$10 and \$50
 - between \$50 and \$100
 - over \$100
 - A 20.0mL sample of glycerol has a mass of 25.2g. What is the mass of a 53mL sample of glycerol?
 - 66.8g
 - 67g
 - 25.2g
 - 9.5g
 - 42g
 - A solution is also called a
 - homogeneous mixture
 - heterogeneous mixture
 - pure mixture
 - compound
 - distilled mixture

10. A method of separation that employs a system with two phases of matter, a mobile phase and a stationary phase, is called
- filtration
 - chromatography
 - distillation
 - vaporization
 - homogenization
11. Which of the following pairs of compounds can be used to illustrate the law of multiple proportions?
- NH_3 and NH_4Cl
 - ZnO_2 and ZnCl_2
 - H_2O and HCl
 - NO and NO_2
 - CH_4 and CO_2
12. Rutherford's experiment was important because it showed that:
- radioactive elements give off alpha particles
 - gold foil can be made to be only a few atoms thick
 - a zinc sulfide screen scintillates when struck by a charged particle
 - the mass of the atom is uniformly distributed throughout the atom
 - an atom is mostly empty space
13. The element rhenium (Re) exists as two stable isotopes and 18 unstable isotopes. Rhenium-185 has in its nucleus
- 75 protons, 75 neutrons
 - 75 protons, 130 neutrons
 - 130 protons, 75 neutrons
 - 75 protons, 110 neutrons
 - not enough information is given
14. $^{40}_{20}\text{Ca}^{2+}$ has
- 20 protons, 20 neutrons, and 18 electrons
 - 20 protons, 20 neutrons, and 20 electrons
 - 20 protons, 22 neutrons, and 18 electrons
 - 22 protons, 18 neutrons, and 18 electrons
 - 20 protons, 20 neutrons, and 22 electrons
15. Which of the following pairs is incorrect?
- NH_4Br , ammonium bromide
 - K_2CO_3 , potassium carbonate
 - BaP_2O_7 , barium phosphate
 - CuCl_2 , copper(II) chloride
 - MnO_2 , manganese(IV) oxide
16. Naturally occurring copper exists in two isotopic forms: ^{63}Cu and ^{65}Cu . The atomic mass of copper is 63.55amu (or g/mol). What is the approximate natural abundance of ^{63}Cu ?
- 63%
 - 90%
 - 70%
 - 50%
 - 30%
17. What is the molar mass of ethanol ($\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$)?
- 45.07
 - 38.90
 - 46.07
 - 34.17
 - 62.07
18. Roundup, an herbicide manufactured by Monsanto, has the formula $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{NO}_2\text{P}$. How many moles of molecules are there in a 5.00×10^2 g sample of Roundup?
- 0.338
 - 1.75
 - 2.96
 - 84.5
 - none of these
19. Which compound contains the highest percent by mass of hydrogen?
- HCl
 - H_2O
 - H_2SO_4
 - H_2S
 - HF

20. What is the coefficient for water when the following equation is balanced?



- a) 1
c) 4
e) 12

- b) 2
d) 6

21. An oxide of iron has the formula Fe_3O_4 . What mass percent of iron does it contain?

- a) 0.72%
c) 30.9%
e) 72%

- b) 28%
d) 70.9%

22. Adipic acid contains 49.32% C, 43.84% O, and 6.85% H by mass. What is the empirical formula?

- a) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_2$
c) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_3$
e) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_3\text{O}_3$

- b) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_3\text{O}_4$
d) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}_4$

23. The empirical formula of styrene is CH ; its molar mass is 104.1 g/mol. What is the molecular formula of styrene?

- a) C_2H_4
c) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}$
e) none of these

- b) C_8H_8
d) C_6H_6

24. When 125.0g of ethylene (C_2H_4) burns in oxygen, how many grams of CO_2 are formed?

- a) 392.2g
c) 57.50g
e) 327.0g

- b) 250.0g
d) 425.6g

25. When the following equation is balanced, what is the sum of the coefficients?



- a) 4
c) 8
e) 10

- b) 9
d) 3

26. Iron is produced from its ore by the reactions:



How many moles of $\text{O}_2(\text{g})$ are needed to produce 1 mole of $\text{Fe}(\text{s})$?

- a) 0.5mol O_2
c) 1mol O_2
e) none of these

- b) 0.75mol O_2
d) 1.5mol O_2

27. Consider the following reaction:



What mass of CCl_4 will be produced if 1.20mol of methane react with 1.60mol of chlorine?

- a) 229g
c) 114g
e) 17.1g

- b) 171g
d) 61.5g

28. A 54.8g sample of SrCl_2 is dissolved in 112.5mL of solution. Calculate the molarity of this solution.

- a) 0.346M
c) 3.96M
e) none of these

- b) 3.07M
d) 8.89M

29. What volume of 18.0M sulfuric acid must be used to prepare 15.5L of 0.195M H_2SO_4 ?
- a) 226mL
b) 0.336L
c) 92.3mL
d) 168mL
e) none of these
30. What mass of NaOH is required to titrate 25.0mL of 1.2M H_2SO_4 ?
- a) 1.2g
b) 1.8g
c) 2.4g
d) 3.5g
e) none of these
31. You have two solutions: 75.0mL of a 2.50M Na_2CrO_4 solution, and 125mL of a 2.50M AgNO_3 solution. Calculate the $[\text{Na}^+]$ after the two solutions are added together.
- a) 0.00M
b) 0.938M
c) 2.50M
d) 1.88M
e) 5.00M
32. The electron configuration of S^{3+} is
- a) $[\text{Ne}]3s^23p^6$
b) $[\text{Ne}]3s^23p^8$
c) $[\text{Ne}]3s^23p^1$
d) $[\text{Ar}]4s^1$
e) none of these
33. All halide elements have the following number of valence electrons
- a) 1
b) -1
c) 8
d) 3
e) 7
34. How many unpaired electrons are there in an atom of elemental sulfur?
- a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) 4
e) 0
35. Order the elements S, Cl, and F in terms of increasing ionization energy.
- a) S, Cl, F
b) Cl, F, S
c) F, S, Cl
d) F, Cl, S
e) S, F, Cl
36. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
- a) Ionic bonding results from the transfer of electrons from one atom to another.
b) Dipole moments result from the unequal distribution of electrons within a molecule.
c) The electrons in a polar bond are found nearer to the more electronegative element.
d) A molecule with very polar bonds can be nonpolar.
e) Linear molecules cannot have a net dipole moment.
37. Atoms with very similar electronegativities are expected to form
- a) no bonds
b) covalent bonds
c) triple bonds
d) ionic bonds
e) strong dipole moments
38. Metals typically have _____ electronegativity values.
- a) High
b) Low
c) Negative
d) No
e) Two of these
39. Which of the following bonds would be least polar yet still be considered polar covalent?
- a) Mg-O
b) C-O
c) O-O
d) Si-O
e) N-O
40. Which of the following has an incomplete octet in its Lewis structure?
- a) NO
b) ICl
c) CO_2
d) F_2

Omit

Omit

4. Use the VSEPR theory to complete the following table.

Compound	Lewis Diagram	Shape	Polar/Nonpolar	# of LP	# of BP
CCl_3Br					
BF_3					
HOCl					
PH_3					
H_3P					
I_2				N/A	N/A
I_2					

NOTE: # of LP = number of lone pairs around the central atom
 # of BP = number of bonding pairs around the central atom

5. List three differences between ionic and covalent compounds. Give an example of each.

Ionic

Covalent

6. Show all work for the following questions. Be sure to include the correct number of significant digits, and circle final answers.

a) How many grams of SnF_2 can be made by reacting 7.98×10^{22} molecules of HF with

$\text{Sn}?$



b) How many liters of nitrogen dioxide are produced when 3.54 g of oxygen reacts with an excess of nitrogen monoxide? (Assume STP.)

$$2\text{NO} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NO}_2$$

7. Write balanced equations for the following chemical reactions. Do not include the states of matter.

a) mercury and oxygen are prepared by heating mercury(II) oxide

b) aluminum and copper(II) sulfate form aluminum sulfate and copper

c) ammonium sulfate and calcium hydroxide react to produce calcium sulfate and ammonium hydroxide

d) aluminum and chlorine react to form aluminum chloride

e) decane ($C_{10}H_{22}$) burns in the presence of oxygen to produce carbon dioxide and water

8. Identify the type of each reaction in the question above.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____

9. Complete the following table.

Electron Configuration	Name of Element	Symbol of Element	# of Unpaired Electrons	# of Valence Electrons
$1s^2 2s^2 2p^3$				
$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^4$				
$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^4$				
$3d^1 4s^2 4p^4$				

10. Why can't the ionic compound KCl be represented by the following diagram?

K-Cl

Draw the correct representation.

11. Define electronegativity –

Using electronegativity values, determine the type of bond between the following: (Show work.)

a) C and Cl

b) O and O

c) Mg and F

12. Define the following terms:

a) catalyst –

b) limiting reagent –

c) electron configuration –

d) valence electron –

e) lone pair –