

Name: _____

Blk: _____ Date: _____

CLASS STARTER CHEMISTRY 11

1. The density of mercury is 13.6 g/mL. What is the **mass (in Kg)** of 1.00 L of mercury?
2. Silver has a density of 10.5 g/cm^3 . If you have a silver coin with the mass of $6.00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ (about the size of a Canadian quarter), what is the **volume** of the coin in **mL**? (if $1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ mL}$)
3. The maximum highway speed in British Columbia is 120 km/h, express this speed in the units of **metres per second**.

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1. The density of mercury is 13.6 g/mL. What is the **mass (in Kg)** of 1.00 L of mercury?

$$1.00 \text{ L} \left(\frac{1 \text{ mL}}{1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ L}} \right) \left(\frac{13.6 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mL}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1 \cdot 10^3 \text{ g}} \right) = \boxed{13.6 \text{ kg}}$$

2. Silver has a density of 10.5 g/cm³. If you have a silver coin with the mass of 6.00 x 10⁻³ kg (about the size of a Canadian quarter), what is the **volume** of the coin in **mL**? (if 1 cm³ = 1 mL)

$$6.00 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ kg} \left(\frac{1 \cdot 10^3 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ cm}^3}{10.5 \text{ g}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ cm}^3} \right) = \boxed{0.571 \text{ mL}}$$

3. The maximum highway speed in British Columbia is 120 km/h, express this speed in the units of **metres per second**.

$$\frac{120 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ h}} \cdot \left(\frac{1 \cdot 10^3 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ h}}{60 \text{ min}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right) = \boxed{33 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$