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### Science 9 8.1 Electric Potential Energy and Voltage

Electrochemical cells convert **<u>chemical</u>**energy into <u>**electrical**</u>energy.</u> Connecting cells together forms <u>**batteries**</u>.

The ends of batteries are **terminals** – connecting to them can allow electrons to flow from the battery through a device that converts electric energy into different forms.



# **Electric Potential Energy**

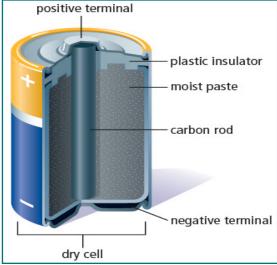
Electric energy can do **work**. Electric energy that is stored is **potential** energy When electric energy is moving it is **kinetic** energy.

# **Electric Potential Difference**

The amount of electric potential energy per coulomb of charge is called the **potential difference** or **voltage**.

This can be measured with a **voltmeter**.

Extra electrons will move to a location where there is **fewer** of them



#### **Producing Voltage**

Electrodes in an <u>electrolyte</u> chemically react to produce electrons and relatively difference charges on each <u>electrode</u>, by doing so this creates a <u>potential difference</u>.

#### **Source of Electricity:**

What do sources of electrical energy do these pictures represent? Use page 274 to fill in the blanks.







